



PRACTICAL EXAM

Information and Communication Technology

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Email

- CC – carbon copy
- BCC – blind carbon copy

Word Processing – (MS Word)

- Serif – with flicks e.g. **Cambria**
- Sans-serif – without flicks e.g. **Calibri**
- When wanting one part of document as 1 column and the rest in two columns, use a section break.

Data Manipulation – (MS Access)

- When creating reports, labels or summary extracts, you MUST BEGIN WITH QUERY!

Types of Criteria input in Query

| | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| <i>Find a specific word</i> | "qwerty" |
| <i>Text starts with...</i> | A* |
| <i>Text ends with...</i> | *S |
| <i>Text must contain...</i> | *AP* |
| <i>Word is exactly ... letters long</i> | "?????" |
| <i>Text is not blank</i> | * |
| <i>Text is blank</i> | Null |
| <i>Find a specific value</i> | 50 |
| <i>Find data that is less than a value</i> | <50 |
| <i>Find data that is less than or equal to a value</i> | <=50 |
| <i>Find data that is higher than a value</i> | >50 |
| <i>Find data that is greater than or equal to a value</i> | >=50 |
| <i>Find numbers that are not equal to a value</i> | Not 50 |
| <i>Find values in a range (from ... to ...)</i> | Between 10 and 20 |
| <i>Find values that are Yes / True</i> | Yes |
| <i>Find values that are No / False</i> | No |
| <i>Find a specific date</i> | #01/01/2009# |
| <i>Find dates after a given date</i> | >01/03/2009 |
| <i>Find dates before a given date</i> | <01/03/2009 |
| <i>Find dates in a given range</i> | Between 01/03/2009 and 31/03/2009 |

Data Analysis – (MS Excel)

- To make cell reference absolute, press F4 while highlighting it

| Description | Formula |
|--|--|
| Add, Subtract, Multiply and Divide | =A1+B1 |
| SUM - Adding a range of numbers | =SUM(A1:A4) |
| AVERAGE – Find the average | =AVERAGE(A1:A4) |
| MIN – Find the low value | MIN(A1:A4) |
| MAX – Find the highest value | MAX(A1:A4) |
| COUNT – Finding how many numbers are in a range | COUNT(A1:A4) |
| COUNTA – Counting the number of items in a Range | COUNTA(A1:A4) |
| INT – Converts to the lowest whole number | INT(A1) |
| ROUND – Rounding up/down numbers | ROUND(A1,2) The 2 is the number of decimal places |
| VLOOKUP Looking up what particular values mean | VLOOKUP(A1,\$B\$1:\$C\$8,2) A1 is the cell to check \$B\$1:\$C\$8 is the array to look in 2 is column 2 from \$B\$1:\$C\$8 meaning return the value in column 2 in that section. |
| COUNTIF – Counting the number of specific items in a range | COUNTIF(\$B\$1:\$C\$8,A2) Count how many times the value appears in the range \$B\$1:\$C\$8 |
| SUMIF – adding up specific values in a range | SUMIF(\$B\$1:\$C\$8,A1, \$D\$1:\$D\$8) Checks if any cells in \$B\$1:\$C\$8 = A1 and if they do then it adds them together |
| IF – Deciding what will go into a cell | IF(\$B\$1:\$B\$8=A1,"A") IF the value in A1 appears in the range of cells then write A |
| Multiple if's | IF(\$B\$1:\$B\$8=A1,"A", IF(\$B\$1:\$B\$8=A2,"B", IF(\$B\$1:\$B\$8=A3,"C",D))) IF the value in the range equals A1 then write A, if it equals A2 write B, A3 write C and none of them D |

Website Authoring (MS-FrontPage)

Changing Font in Stylesheets

| | | |
|--|----|---|
| <i>Setting the font type</i> | h2 | {font-family: "Times New Roman"} |
| <i>Making text a different size</i> | h2 | {font-size: 16pt} |
| <i>Aligning text to...</i> | h2 | {text-align: center} |
| <i>Make text bold</i> | h2 | {text-weight: bold} |
| <i>Adding second choice of font</i> | h2 | {font-family: "Times New Roman, Verdana"} |
| <i>Adding generic fonts (either serif or sans-serif)</i> | h2 | {font-family: "Times New Roman, serif"} |
| | h2 | {font-family: "Calibri, sans-serif"} |
| <i>Changing colour</i> | h2 | {color: #000000} |

Color codes in Stylesheets

- Has three parts:

(RED, GREEN, BLUE)

| <i>Amount of Light (colour)</i> | <i>Hex code</i> |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <i>Fully on</i> | FF |
| <i>$\frac{3}{4}$ on</i> | C0 |
| <i>$\frac{1}{2}$ on</i> | 80 |
| <i>$\frac{1}{4}$ on</i> | 40 |
| <i>off</i> | 00 |

Examples:

- Pure red is (FF0000)
- Pure green is (00FF00)
- Pure blue is (0000FF)
- Pure yellow is (FFFF00)
- Pure black is (000000)
- Pure white is (FFFFFF)

Presentation Authoring (MS PowerPoint)

- To open an outline, click "New slide" arrow and click "slide from outline.."
- To print presenter notes, click print "Notes pages"
- To print audience notes, click print "Handouts"
- When printing evidence of slide transitions, go to slide sorter and then PrntScr
- When printing evidence of animations, open custom animations pane and then PrntScr

Editing Images

- To save a picture with 8 bit colour depth save it as a gif
 - Open it in paint and save as
- To compress the size of a picture open it in picture manager
 - Edit picture
 - Compress pictures
 - Choose most suitable option
- To change colour options of a picture use picture manager
 - Edit picture
 - Colour